

Prerequisite Review Key

1. 16
 2. $\frac{26}{15}$
 3. -19.25 or $-\frac{77}{4}$
 4. 1.2 or $\frac{6}{5}$
 5. $4x - 7y$
 6. $21x^2 + 29xy - 10y^2$
 7. $-15y + 60$
 8. $\frac{x(x+3)}{x+1}$
 9. $\frac{y^2+(1+z)^2}{y(1+z)}$
 10. $\frac{t+1}{t-1}$
 11. $\frac{t^3}{2}$
 12. $\frac{1}{8}$
 13. $\frac{y^{20}}{x^2z^{16}}$
 14. $\frac{-2x^7}{9}$
 15. $\frac{5}{4}$
 16. $13\sqrt{2}$
 17. $32\sqrt{7}$
 18. $-\frac{7}{5\sqrt{2}}$ which becomes $-\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{10}$
 19. $\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{3}}$ which becomes $\frac{2\sqrt{15}}{9}$
 20. $x = \frac{8}{5}$ or 1.6
 21. $y = \frac{4}{3}$
 22. $x = \frac{92}{10}$ or $\frac{46}{5}$ or 9.2
 23. $x = 3, -4$
 24. Use the Quadratic Formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$
 to get $x = -\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$
 25. $x = 2$
 26. $x = -5, 3$
 27. $x = -1, \frac{3}{2}$
 28. $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$
 29. $r = 1 - \frac{a}{s}$
 30. $b = -1, a = 4$
 31. $x = 4, y = 5$
32. $\frac{2}{3} \leq x < 3$
 33. $x \leq -4$
34. G (34-41 are at the end)
 35. G
 36. G
 37. G
 38. G
 39. G
 40. G
41. G
 42. Each base angle measures 67° .
 43. $32^\circ, 148^\circ$, and 148°
 44. $18, 6\sqrt{3}$, and $12\sqrt{3}$
 45. $3, \frac{3}{2}$, and $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 46. $9\sqrt{2}$
 47. 4 and $4\sqrt{2}$
 48. $C = 12\pi$
 49. $A = 36\pi$

Prerequisite Review Key

50. $9y^2 - 900$

Factor by GCF!

$$= 9(y^2 - 100)$$

Factor by Difference of Squares!

$$= 9(y + 10)(y - 10)$$

51. $4xy^2 - 4xz^2$

Factor by GCF!

$$= 4x(y^2 - z^2)$$

Factor by Difference of Squares!

$$= 4x(y + z)(y - z)$$

52. $x^2 - 7x + 6$

Factor by GCF!

Factor by Big X!

$$= (x - 1)(x - 6)$$

53. $12a^2 + 36a + 27$

Factor by GCF!

$$= 3(4a^2 + 12a + 9)$$

Factor by AC Method and Split Middle Term

$$\rightarrow 4a^2 + 6a + 6a + 9$$

$$\rightarrow 2a(2a + 3) + 3(2a + 3)$$

$$\rightarrow (2a + 3)(2a + 3)$$

$$= 3(2a + 3)(2a + 3)$$

54. $3x^3 - 15x + 2x^2y - 10y$

Factor by GCF!

Factor by Grouping!

$$3x^3 - 15x + 2x^2y - 10y$$

$$\rightarrow 3x(x^2 - 5) + 2y(x^2 - 5)$$

$$= (3x + 2y)(x^2 - 5)$$

Factor by Difference of Squares!

$$= (3x + 2y)(x - \sqrt{5})(x + \sqrt{5})$$

55. $x^4 - 3x^2 - 4$

Factor by GCF!

Factor by Big X!

$$= (x^2 - 4)(x^2 + 1)$$

Factor by Difference of Squares!

$$= (x - 2)(x + 2)(x^2 + 1)$$

56. $5x^2 + 4x - 1$

Factor by GCF!

Factor by AC Method and Split Middle Term

$$\rightarrow 5x^2 + 5x - 1x - 1$$

$$\rightarrow 5x(x + 1) - 1(x + 1)$$

$$= (5x - 1)(x + 1)$$

57. $3x^2 - 8x + 5$

Factor by GCF!

Factor by AC Method and Split Middle Term

$$\rightarrow 3x^2 - 3x - 5x + 5$$

$$\rightarrow 3x(x - 1) - 5(x - 1)$$

$$= (3x - 5)(x - 1)$$

58. $x^3 - 12x^2 + 36x$

Factor by GCF!

$$= x(x^2 + 12x + 36)$$

Factor by Big X!

$$= x(x + 6)(x + 6)$$

$$= x(x + 6)^2$$

59. $x^2 + 2x + 1 - y^2$

Factor by GCF!

$$= x(x + 2) + 1 - y^2$$

Factor by Difference of Squares!

$$= x(x + 2) + (1 - y)(1 + y)$$

OR

Factor by Big X!

$$(x + 1)^2 - y^2$$

Factor by Difference of Squares!

$$((x + 1) + y)((x + 1) - y)$$

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Part 7

34. Determine the slope between the points (4, -3) and (-6, 4).

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{4 - (-3)}{-6 - 4} = \frac{7}{-10}$$

35. Determine the slope of the line $-2y - x = -2$.

$$-2y - x = -2$$

$$-2y = x - 2$$

$$y = -\frac{x}{2} + 1$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

36. Write in slope-intercept form the equation of the line containing the point (1, 2) and parallel to the given line $y = 2x + 4$.

$$y = mx + b$$

Parallel slopes are the same! $\rightarrow m = 2$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Plug in } x \text{ and } y \text{ to solve for } b \rightarrow 2 \\ &= 2(1) + b \end{aligned}$$

$$2 = 2 + b$$

$$0 = b$$

$$y = mx + b \rightarrow y = 2x + 0 \rightarrow y = 2x$$

37. Write in slope-intercept form the equation of the line containing the point (4, 5) and perpendicular to the given line $y = 6x - 1$.

$$y = mx + b$$

Perpendicular slopes are negative reciprocals!

$$\rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{6}$$

Plug in x and y to solve for b $\rightarrow 5$

$$= -\frac{1}{6}(4) + b$$

$$5 = -\frac{4}{6} + b$$

$$\frac{5}{1} + \frac{4}{6} = b$$

$$\frac{30 + 4}{6} = b$$

$$\frac{34}{6} = \frac{17}{3} = b$$

$$y = mx + b \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{17}{3}$$

Part 8

$$38. \frac{x^2 + 6x + 8}{x^2 - 4x + 3} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{5x + 10}$$

Factor first!

$$\rightarrow x^2 + 6x + 8 \rightarrow \text{Big X}$$

$$= (x + 2)(x + 4)$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 - 4x + 3 \rightarrow \text{Big X}$$

$$= (x - 1)(x - 3)$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 - 5x + 4 \rightarrow \text{Big X}$$

$$= (x - 1)(x - 4)$$

$$\rightarrow 5x + 10 \rightarrow \text{GCF}$$

$$= 5(x + 2)$$

$$\frac{(x + 2)(x + 4)}{(x - 1)(x - 3)} \cdot \frac{(x - 1)(x - 4)}{5(x + 2)}$$

Cross out same factors on top and bottom!

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$$\frac{(x+2)(x+4)}{(x-1)(x-3)} \cdot \frac{(x-1)(x-4)}{5(x+2)}$$

$$= \frac{(x-4)(x+4)}{5(x-3)}$$

39. $\frac{x^2+8x}{9x} \div \frac{x^2-64}{3x^2}$

Factor first!

$$\rightarrow x^2 + 8x \rightarrow GCF$$

$$= x(x+8)$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 - 64 \rightarrow \text{Difference of Squares}$$

$$= (x+8)(x-8)$$

$$\frac{x(x+8)}{9x} \div \frac{(x+8)(x-8)}{3x^2}$$

When dividing by a fraction, multiply by the reciprocal!

$$\frac{x(x+8)}{9x} \cdot \frac{3x^2}{(x+8)(x-8)}$$

Cross out same factors on top and bottom!

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x(x+8)}{9x} \cdot \frac{3x^2}{(x+8)(x-8)} \\ &= \frac{3x^2}{9(x-8)} \\ &= \frac{x^2}{3(x-8)} \end{aligned}$$

40. $\frac{4}{x^2+5x+6} + \frac{2x}{x+2}$

Factor first!

$$\rightarrow x^2 + 5x + 6 \rightarrow \text{Big X}$$

$$= (x+2)(x+3)$$

$$\frac{4}{(x+2)(x+3)} + \frac{2x}{x+2}$$

When adding fractions, get common denominators!

$$\frac{4}{(x+2)(x+3)} + \frac{2x}{x+2} \cdot \frac{x+3}{x+3}$$

Distribute the 2x to the x + 3!

$$\frac{4 + 2x^2 + 6x}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

Combine like terms!

Try to simplify by factoring!

$$4 + 2x^2 + 6x \rightarrow \text{GCF}$$

$$= 2(x^2 + 3x + 2) \rightarrow \text{Big X}$$

$$= 2(x+1)(x+2)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2(x+1)(x+2)}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

Cross out the same factors on the top and bottom!

$$\frac{2(x+1)(x+2)}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$= \frac{2(x+1)}{(x+3)}$$

41. $\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x-2}$

Factor first!

When adding fractions, get common denominators!

$$\frac{(x-2)}{(x-2)} \cdot \frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x-2} \cdot \frac{(x-1)}{(x-1)}$$

Distribute!

$$\frac{3x - 6 - 2x + 2}{(x-2)(x-1)}$$

Combine like terms!

$$\frac{x-4}{(x-2)(x-1)}$$

Try to simplify by factoring!

Cross out the same factors on the top and bottom!

$$= \frac{x-4}{(x-2)(x-1)}$$