## GCF Factoring

Greatest common Factor: The largest number that divides evenly into a set of numbers. When dealing with variables, it is the lowest degree of a variable common to every term.

Examples: Factor the GCF of each of the following:

| 1. $(8 x y-2 y)$ | 2. $\left(27 x^{3}-9 x^{2}\right)$ | $3 .\left(42 x y^{5}+7 x^{2}\right)$ | $4 .\left(2 x^{2}-12 x\right)$ |
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To factor the GCF out of an expression, divide each term by the GCF and write your answer in undistributed form.

Factor the GCF out of each of the following:

| 5. $10 x^{3}-5 x$ | 6. $y^{5}+y^{2}$ | $7.27 x-81 x y^{2}$ | 8. $10 x-14 y+40 x^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9. $x^{3} y-x^{5} y z^{3}+x^{2} y^{2}$ | $10.17 z^{2}-68 z y^{2}$ | $11.2 x-16 y$ | $12.5 y+20 y^{2}-125$ |
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