Unit 1: Quadratics Revisited

I can simplify, add and subtract complex numbers, including simplifying radicals with imaginary roots.

Today's Agenda:

1. Notes on simplifying, adding, and subtracting complex radicals and expressions.

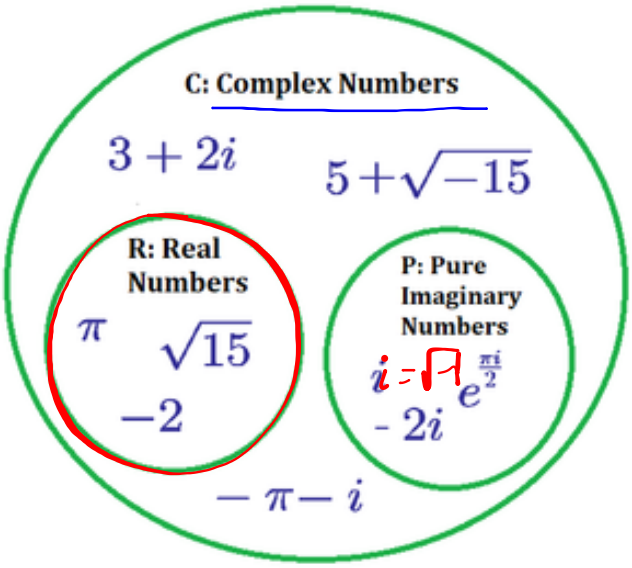
   p. 1

2. Practice

   p. 3, #1 - 10

   p. 4

$\sqrt{-\#}$ does not exist in set of Real numbers



a + bi

real part

imaginary part

"back #"

Algebra 2 Unit 1

Name: _____ Date: _____

Complex Numbers

$i = \sqrt{-1}$

Examples:

1. $\sqrt{-16}$ → $\sqrt{-1}\cdot\sqrt{4}$ → $2i$
2. $\sqrt{-81}$ → $\sqrt{-1}\cdot\sqrt{81}$ → $9i$
3. $\sqrt{-45}$ → $\sqrt{-1}\cdot\sqrt{45}$ → $\sqrt{5}\cdot\sqrt{9}$ → $3i\sqrt{5}$
4. $\sqrt{-200}$ → $\sqrt{-1}\cdot\sqrt{200}$ → $\sqrt{100}\cdot\sqrt{2}$ → $10i\sqrt{2}$

"I one, I one"

Negatives in the middle.

- $i^1 = i$, remainder = 1
- $i^2 = -1$, remainder = 2
- $i^3 = -i$, remainder = 3
- $i^4 = 1$, remainder = 0

$i^1 = \sqrt{-1} = i$

$i^2 = (\sqrt{-1})^2 = -1$

$i^3 = (i^2)\,i = (-1)\,i = -i$

$i^4 = (i^2)(i^2) = (-1)(-1) = 1$

$i^5 = (i^4)(i) = (1)(i) = i$

1 R1

$4\overline{)5}$

-4

1

decimal: .25, .5, .75, .00

3 R1

$4\overline{)13}$

-12

1

6 R3

$4\overline{)27}$

24

3

$\frac{27}{4} = 6.75$

13 R2

$4\overline{)54}$

-4

14

-12

2

18 R0

$4\overline{)72}$

4

32

-32

Examples:

5. i^{13} = i
6. i^{27} = $-i$
7. i^{54} = -1
8. i^{72} = 1

Add and Subtract Complex Numbers

- Add or subtract the real parts, and then, add or subtract the imaginary parts.

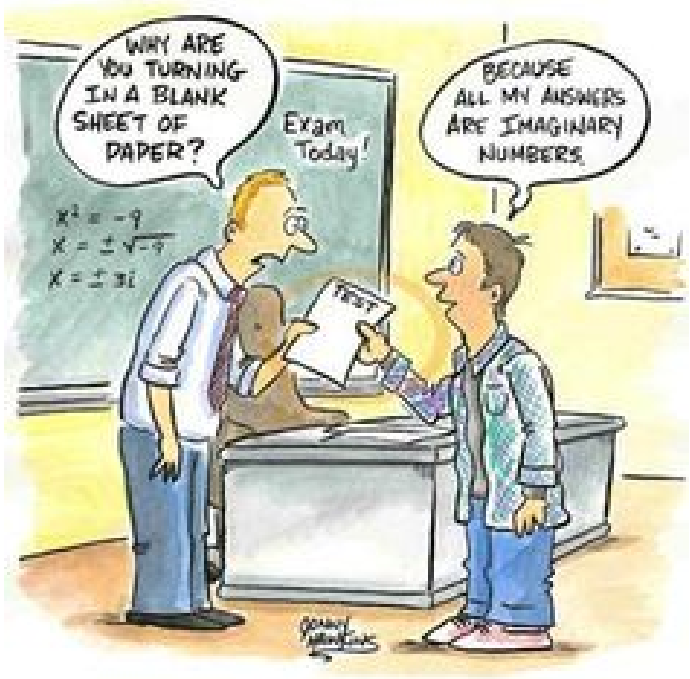
9. $(3+2i)+(7+6i)$ → $10+8i$
10. $(6-5i)-(1+2i)$ → $6-5i-1-2i$ → $5-7i$
11. $(9-4i)-(-2+3i)$ → $9-4i+2-3i$ → $11-7i$
12. $9-(10+2i)-5i$ → $9-10-2i-5i$ → $-1-7i$
13. $(11i^4+4i^3)-(2i^4+6i^3)$ → $11i^4+4i^3-2i^4+6i^3$ → $9i^4+10i^3$ → $9(1)+10(-i) = 9-10i$

Add / Subtract → ① Distribute (-) and change signs

① combine like terms

② write in standard form

$a + bi$


WHY ARE YOU TURNING IN A BLANK SHEET OF PAPER?
Exam Today!
BECAUSE ALL MY ANSWERS ARE IMAGINARY NUMBERS.
$x^2 = -9$
$x = \pm\sqrt{-9}$
$x = \pm 3i$

Algebra 2 Unit 1

Complex Numbers – Practice

Write each expression in standard form.

1. i^2
2. i^{14}
3. i^7
4. i^{23}

5. $(4-2i)+(3-i)$
6. $(9+i^2)+i^2$
7. $(-2+i)+(-10-14i)$

8. $5-(15+i)-(3-5i)$
9. $7i+(12+2i)+4$
10. $(4i^2)+8i^2$

11. $(-2i)^2(3i)^3$
12. $(5-6i)(7-2i)$
13. $(2+3i)(2-3i)-4+i$

14. $\dfrac{2}{3-i}$
15. $\dfrac{-4i}{3-3i}$
16. $\dfrac{4+2i}{2+4i}$

15. Let r = (4 + i) and s = 1 – i. What is the value of $r^2 - s$?

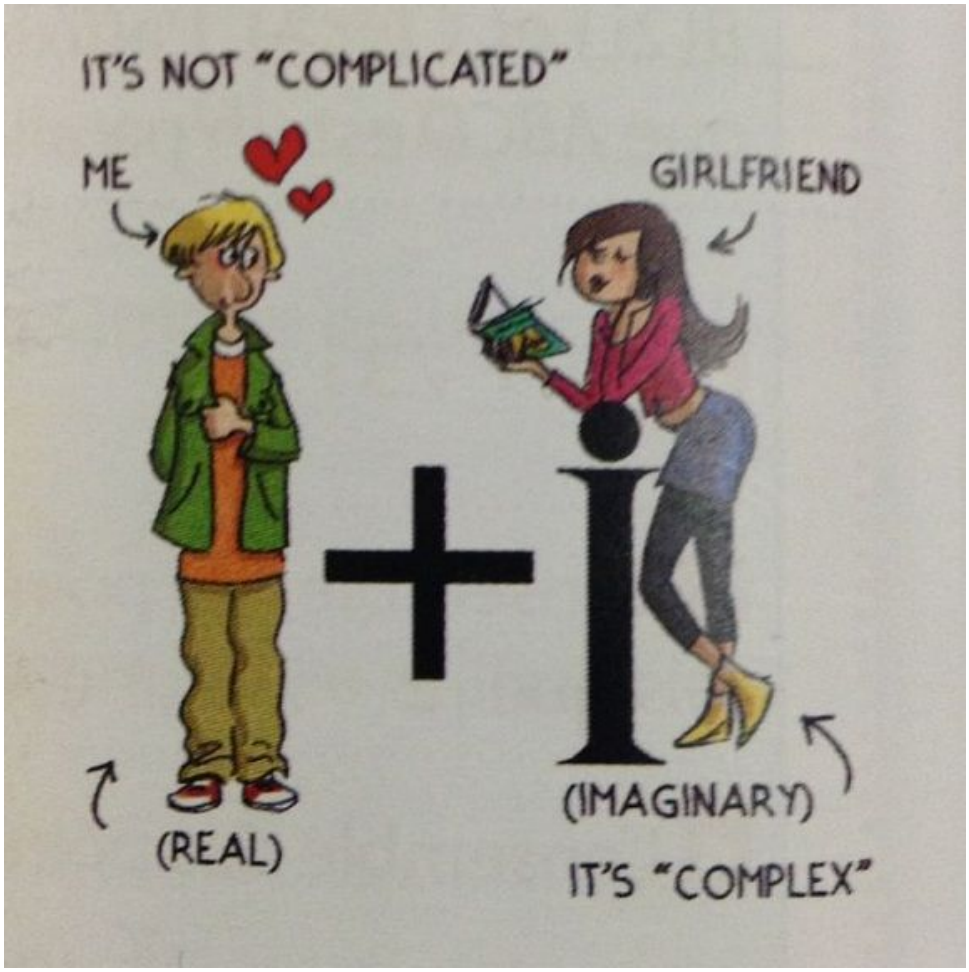
a. 14 + i b. 15 + I c. 15 + 7i d.14 + 9i

Algebra 2 **Simplifying Complex Radicals** **Unit 1**

Name _____ **Date**_____ **Period** _____

Simplify.

1. $\sqrt{-1}$	2. $\sqrt{-4}$
3. $\sqrt{-16}$	4. $\sqrt{-25}$
5. $\sqrt{-50}$	6. $\sqrt{-72}$
7. $\sqrt{-80}$	8. $\sqrt{-98}$
9. $\sqrt{-108}$	10. $\sqrt{-125}$
11. $\sqrt{-96}$	12. $\sqrt{-500}$
13. $\sqrt{-52}$	14. $\sqrt{-147}$


IT'S NOT "COMPLICATED"
ME
GIRLFRIEND
(REAL)
(IMAGINARY)
IT'S "COMPLEX"